# **STATES OF JERSEY**



# CASH PAYMENT AT GOVERNMENT SPORTS FACILITIES (P.10/2024) – CHILDREN'S RIGHTS IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Presented to the States on 26th February 2024 by Deputy L.K.F. Stephenson of St. Mary, St. Ouen and St. Peter

**STATES GREFFE** 

2024 P.10 Add.

#### CHILDREN'S RIGHTS IMPACT ASSESSMENT (CRIA)

## PART 1: SCREENING

Name and title of Duty Bearer:	Deputy Lucy Stephenson
Type of Duty Bearer:	
(Minister, Elected Member or States	Elected Member
Assembly Body)	
Assessment completed by (if not	
completed by duty bearer):	
Date:	23.2.24

- 1) Name and brief description of the proposed decision

  The subject of your CRIA may be a proposed law, policy or proposition and in accordance with the Law is referred to in this template as the 'decision'
  - What is the problem or issue the decision is trying to address?
  - Do children experience this problem differently from adults?

Reintroduce Cash Payments at Government Sports Facilities.

The ability to pay in cash at government sports facilities was removed in 2020, this proposition intends to reintroduce this scheme.

Children are likely to experience this problem differently to adults as, for the most part, it is the adults who are paying or providing their children with the money (sometimes in cash form) to pay.

2) Which groups of children and young people are likely to be affected? Groups of children could include early years, primary or secondary education; young adults; children with additional learning needs; disabled children; children living in poverty; children from particular ethnic backgrounds; migrants; refugees; care experienced children and LGBTQ+ children

All children who wish to access these facilities

- 3) What is the likely impact of the proposed decision on children and on their rights?
  - Identify any potential positive OR negative impacts and include indirect impacts on children and their rights as described in the UNCRC
  - Will different groups of children be affected differently by this decision?

If introduced this could have a positive impact on the child's right to play and improve their general health and wellbeing

4) Is a full Children's Rights Impact Assessment required?
If you have identified impacts on children and their rights, a full CRIA should be completed. If no impacts are identified then a Full CRIA is not required, but please explain your rationale and how you reached this conclusion

Yes

# Part 2: FULL CHILDREN'S RIGHTS IMPACT ASSESSMENT

5) What will be the impacts (positive or negative) of the proposed decision on children's rights?			
For each of the UNCRC articles described below, click to identify any that may be relevant $\boxtimes$			
Category	UNCRC Article Impa		
Guiding Principles	Non-discrimination ( <u>Art 2</u> )	X	
	Best interests of the Child (Art 3) to be a top priority	X	
	Right to Life survival and development (Art 6)		
	Respect for the child's views (Art 12)		
	Right to birth registration, name and nationality (Art 7)		
Civil Rights & Freedoms	Right to an identity (Art 8)		
	Freedom of expression (Art 13)		
	Freedom of thought, conscience, and religion (Art 14) Every child has the right to think and believe what they choose		
	Freedom of association (Art 15) Every child has the right to meet with other children and to join groups and organisations		
	Right to Privacy (Art 16) including family and home life		
	Access to information from the media (Art 17) Right to access reliable information from a variety of sources, in a format that children can understand		
	Protection against torture or other cruel, degrading or inhumane treatment or punishment (Art 37(a))		
Family Environment and Alternative Care	Respect for the responsibilities, rights and duties of parents (or where applicable, extended family or community) to guide their child as they grow up (Art 5)		
	Responsibilities of both parents in the upbringing and development of their child (Art 18)		
	Children must not be separated from their parents against their will unless it is in their best interests (Art 9)		

	Family reunification (Art 10)		
	Abduction and non-return of children abroad (Art 11)		
	Right to a standard of living that is good enough to meet the child's physical and social needs and support their development (Art 27)	Х	
	Special protection for children unable to live with their family (Art 20)		
	Best interests of the child in the context of Adoption (Art 21)		
	Review of treatment whilst in care (Art 25) If a child has been placed away from home for the purpose of care or protection (for example, with a foster family or in hospital), they have the right to a regular review of their treatment, the way they are cared for and their wider circumstances.		
	Protection from violence, abuse or neglect (Art 19)		
	Recovery from trauma and reintegration (Art 39) Children who have experienced neglect, abuse, exploitation, torture or who are victims of war must receive special support to help them recover their health, dignity, self-respect and social life.		
Basic Health and Welfare	Rights of disabled children (Art 23)	X	
	Right to health and health services (Art 24)		
	Right to social security (Art 26)		
	Right to adequate standard of living (Art 27)		
	Right to education (Art 28)		
Education, Leisure and Cultural Activities	Goals of education (Art 29) Education must develop every child's personality, talents and abilities to the full		
	Leisure, play and culture (Art 31) Every child has the right to relax, play and take part in cultural and artistic activities	X	
	Special protection for refugee children (Art 22)		
Special Protection Measures	Children and armed conflict ( <u>Art 38</u> and <u>Optional</u> <u>Protocol #1</u> )  Governments must do everything they can to protect and care for children affected by war and armed conflict.		

Children and juvenile justice (Art 40) Right to be treated with dignity and respect, right to legal assistance and a fair trial that takes account of age.	
Inhumane treatment and detention (Art 37 (b)-(d)) Children should be arrested, detained or imprisoned only as a last resort and for the shortest time possible.	
Recovery from trauma and reintegration (Art 39) Children who have experienced neglect, abuse, exploitation, torture or who are victims of war must receive special support to help them recover their health, dignity, self-respect and social life	
Child labour and right to be protected from economic exploitation (Art 32)	
Drug abuse (Art 33)	
Sexual exploitation ( <u>Art 34</u> )	
Abduction, sale and trafficking of children (Art 35)	
Protection from other forms of exploitation including for political activities, by the media or for medical research (Art 36)	
Children belonging to a minority or an indigenous group (Art 30)	
Optional Protocol on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography	
Optional protocol on the involvement of children in armed conflict	

6) Information and research What evidence has been used to inform your assessment?			
Evidence collected (include links to relevant publications)	What did the evidence tell you?	What are the data gaps, if any?	
Chapter 4 of R Jersey Children and Young People's Survey 20220309 SJ.pdf (gov.je)	96% of young people recognise why exercise is important, and there is a strong desire to be active and access a variety of activities. It highlights a number of barriers to doing so, however, including time, cost, travel.	The data recognises cost as a barrier for some young people accessing activities, but does not ask specifically about the use of cash. It also does not dig into where young people are exercising, for example at government-run sports facilities.	
Results from Jersey's 2022 Report Card on Physical Activity for Children and Youth (activehealthykids.org)	Physical inactivity is at epidemic levels in Jersey and the high	The data does not explore the barriers to activity in any detail.	

prevalence among children and young people is of particular	
concern.	

### 7) Engagement with children

What groups of children and young people (or those who speak on their behalf, such as social workers, teachers or youth workers) have been directly or indirectly involved in developing the decision?

Groups consulted	How they were involved	What were the findings?

## 8) Assessing Impact on children's rights

Based on the information collected and analysed above, what likely impact will the proposed decision have on the specific children's rights identified in question 5)?

question 5)?	•	
Relevant UNCRC Articles (rights)	Describe the positive or negative impacts on these	Which group(s) of children are likely to be affected?
identified in Q5  2,3,23,31	rights  It would reduce any barriers – real or perceived – to accessing public services, specifically sports facilities, for those who may want or need to use cash, reducing potential for discrimination and ensuring the best interests of children are prioritised with options for paying for access maintained rather than being removed to save money. Children with disabilities may be impacted at greater levels by cashless policies therefore it would improve their rights.	All groups, although those children without access to a bank account but old enough to visit on their own more likely to be affected, as well as those with certain disabilities.

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- 9) Weighing positive and negative impacts
  - If a negative impact is identified for any area of rights <u>or</u> any group of children and young people, what options are there to modify the proposed decision to mitigate the impact?
  - Could any positive impacts be enhanced?

### 10) Conclusions

In summary, what are your key findings on the impact of the proposed decision on the rights of Jersey children?

This proposition seeks to enhance the rights of all children and young people in our community by reintroducing the right to pay by cash at government run sport facilities. All children and young people have the right to access these facilities and the more we can do to remove potential barriers to access the better. Learning to pay and use cash and cards is an important part of a child's learning and should be encouraged.